

Trust Intent & Entitlement

At Tees Valley Education our knowledge-rich national curriculum-based offer is mapped to reflect, and meets, the bespoke needs of all children in the trust; across mainstream, unit and specialist provision. Through defined pathways the curriculum encompasses a mainstream, unit and specialist curricula offer delivered through a SEND continuum of formal, semi-formal and informal. Designed to ensure academic progress for all children, using the latest research in the science of learning, the inclusive practice and provision demonstrates the trusts determination to achieve excellence.

We want all our children to make progress: to know more, remember more and do more. We provide learning opportunities that will widen, deepen and build on prior knowledge across all curriculum areas, fostering curiosity, aspirations, a passion for learning and the cultural capital needed to succeed in life.

At Tees Valley Education we are utterly committed to narrow the gaps and support the development of the reading, vocabulary and oracy as we recognise the trusts community needs, supported during the transition phase through blended learning and digital agency. The intentions are to enable pupils to communicate effectively, become independent learners and prepare them well for the next stage of their education, their future lives and employment and to be responsible active citizens.

'The limits of our language are the limits of our world' Ludwig Wittgenstein



Long-term Rationale: EYFS

Learning for today.... preparing for tomorrow

The TVEd long-term plan for EYFS has been designed to fulfil the early years framework, whilst considering the area in which we serve.

Intent:

Our early years curriculum aims to develop the pupils holistically, taking into consideration early childhood development and their cognitive stage.

The curriculum is progressive and coherently planned to engage all learners and to build upon the children's prior knowledge. Through continuous and enhanced provision, and the direct teaching of knowledge and skills, our curriculum develops each child's unique characteristics, builds resilience, self-regulation and independence, thereby increasing their knowledge and sense of themselves and the wider world. The development of communication and language is a fundamental skill which allows pupils to be increasingly articulate in their learning and prepare them for the next stage of their education

Overview

The documentation is based upon the Early Years Framework with the statutory requirements. It reflects the expectations of sequential and progressive direct teaching, using the supporting documents of Development Matters and Birth to Five. The *'characteristics of effective learning'* are at the heart of our early years curriculum which provides opportunities for pupils to develop in environments which enable learning and ignite curiosity and enthusiasm. In addition to this the trust has an expectation that continuous provision reflects all prime areas, meeting the needs of the children in the setting. The coherent long-term learning sequence has been developed to ensure a secure foundation for social and academic development and readiness for year 1.



haracteristics of Effective Learning	Areas of Development	Aspects	
ngagement: Playing and exploring	Prime areas		
• Finding out and exploring	Personal, Social and Emotional Development	Self-regulation	
 Playing with what they know 		Managing self	
 Being willing to 'have a go' 		Building relationships	
Iotivation: Active learning			
Being involved and concentratingKeeping trying	Physical Development	Gross motor skills	
 Enjoying achieving 		Fine motor skills	
ninking: Creating and thinking critically	Communication and Language	Listening, attention and	
Having own ideas		understanding	
Making links		Speaking	
Choosing ways to do things	Specific areas		
	Literacy	Comprehension	
		Word reading	
		Writing	
	Mathematics	Number	
		Numerical patterns	
	Understanding the World	Past and present	
		People, culture and communities	
		The natural world	
	Expressive Arts	Creating with materials	
		Being imaginative and expressive	



	de opportunities for pupils to deve	elop a p	DNAL, SOCIAL AND EMOTIONAL DEVE positive sense of self, and create strong re levelop skills in co-operation and dealing	lationships with those around them.	
to achieve in sc By the end of	hool and later life. nursery (based Development t children will be able to:		e end of reception (ELG) most childre		
 Talk al Talk al betwee Develor feeling Begin friend Under – take Under schoo 	bout family and friends bout similarities / differences een how we feel op strategies for dealing with gs, emotions and behaviours to make / develop new ships rstand how to deal with mistakes e ownership of own learning rstand cause and effect – follow I rules and routines rate other people's achievements	Mana Mana Buildi	 Self-Regulation Show understanding of own feelings and those of others and begin to regulate their own behaviour Set and work towards simple goals appropriately, being able to wait for what they want and control their impulses Give focussed attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately Show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions Managing Self Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices. Building Relationships Work and play co-operatively and take turns with others Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers Show sensitivity to their own and others' needs 		
		FEACHI	NG (order to be determined by teaching s		
Nursery Self- Regulation	Autumn All about me and my family Learning about different emotions All about me (self - care) – Toilet training and hand washing Introduce classroom rules and routines		Spring Understand emotions / Talk about feelings	Summer Show confidence in new situations (transition) Understand how other people might be feeling	
Nursery Managing Self			Create and model activities designed to allow independence and perseverance in the face of challenge. Select and use resources independently Understand and follow rules and routines	Being healthy - exercise Talk with others to solve conflict Follow rules and routines without adult support	
Nursery Building Relationships	All about me (co-operative play positive relationships) Playing alongside others. Being aware of others in thei environment.		Playing with one or more children, turn taking, sharing.	Being confident with unfamiliar adults. (transition)Extending playing ideas with others.	
				-	
Reception Self- Regulation	Me, my family, my friends Adapt behaviour to match environment	Adapt behaviour to match		Understanding of own feelings and how others might feel in a given situation	
Reception Managing Self	Understand cause/effect consequences for actions. See themselves as a valuable individual Create and model activities designed to allow independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge.		Healthy Eating Celebrate others achievements Explain reasons for rules	Being healthy: exercise Ownership of own learning. Mistakes are a part of learning	
Reception Building Relationships	Me, my family, my friends (positive attachments, showing sensitivity) Make/develop new friendships Talk about own family and friends		Chinese New Year cultural similarities and differences. Why are we all different/same? (Show sensitivity to their own and others' needs) Understand other people's needs and feelings Discuss conflicts in play and negotiate solutions	Following instructions to build constructive and respectful relationships	



		E AREA: PHYSICAL DEVELOPMENT			
		ble healthy and active lives. Through speci both gross and fine motor skills and develo			
	nursery (based Development Matters) will be able to:	By the end of reception (ELG) r	nost children will be able to:		
 climb - feet Have of throw Link a Create elbow Uses a whisks Shows Hold s Use a 	in different ways including running, walking on different surfaces, climb stairs using alte developing control with ball skills including ing, catching and kicking sequence of movements together e lines and circles pivoting from the shoulde a range of small tools-brushes, pencils, chalk s, pegs, threading s accuracy when drawing using lines and circ cissors correctly to snip range of lines and shapes when painting an ng to create a representation	 themselves and others Demonstrates strength, I Move energetically, such skipping and climbing Fine motor Hold a pencil effectively the tripod grip in almost Use a range of small tool cutlery Begin to use accuracy an cles 	 Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others Demonstrates strength, balance and co-ordination when playing Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing Fine motor Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing- using the tripod grip in almost all cases Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paint brushes and 		
	PHYSICAL: CONTINUOUS PROVISION AN	D DIRECT TEACHING**Order to be determi	ned by teaching staff**		
	Autumn	Spring	Summer		
Nursery Gross motor	Movement in different ways including running, walk, run and climb on different surfaces, climb stairs using alternate feet	Ball skills including throwing, catching and kicking Create lines and circles pivoting from the shoulder and elbow	Refine movements in different ways such as running forwards and backwards, jumping upwards and forwards Link a sequence of movements together		
Nursery Fine motor	Use a range of small tools-brushes, pencils, chalk, whisks, pegs, threading Develop grip strength in hands- dough disco- Squeeze, stretch, pinch, roll	Show accuracy when drawing using lines and circles Focus on developing tripod pencil grip Hold scissors correctly to snip	Learn to write some letters in their name Use a range of lines and shapes when painting and drawing to create a representation		
Reception Gross motor	Move in a range of ways, speed and directions to avoid obstacles slithering, shuffling, rolling, crawling, jumping, skipping, sliding and hopping Move around, over, under and through balancing and climbing equipment Jump off objects and land appropriately	Ball skills including throwing, catching, kicking, batting and aiming using a variety of equipment and with increasing accuracy and precision Movement including spatial awareness negotiating space successfully, adjusting speed and direction to avoid obstacles	Combine different movements with ease and fluency. Confidently and safely use a range of large and small apparatus indoors and outside, alone and in a group.		
Reception Fine motor	Refine pencil grip Writing letters/numbers using correct formation Use cutlery with increasing control	Adding smaller details to drawing and paintings using a range of media Writing letters/numbers using correct formation	Increase accuracy, size and orientation of letters and numbers		



		COMMUNICATION AND LANGUAGE	
	ne spoken language and vocabulary of pup delling, children will be able communicate	pils to enable them to access all areas of le effectively with people around them.	arning. Through conversation,
·		By the end of reception (ELG) most ch	nildren will be able to:
-	dren will be able to:		
Listens where	en somebody else is talking	Listening, attention and understanding	
	tenees using + 0 words	Listen attentively and respond to what	
	stend some sentences using and or	comments and actions when being re discussions and small group interaction	
because		 Make comments about what they have 	
	the future and past with increasing	their understanding	
	round tense nple why questions	Hold conversation when engaged in b	back-and-forth exchanges with their
	ions to find out more	teacher and peers	
	and respond in small group	 Speaking Participate in small group, class and c 	and to one discussions, offering their
	s or 1:1 interactions	 Participate in small group, class and c own ideas, using recently introduced 	
		 Offer explanations for why things mig 	
	and talks about stories to build	introduced vocabulary from stories, r	non-fiction, rhymes and poems when
	and understanding	appropriate.	tale at a superior of the state of the super-
	ory using some exact repetition and eir own words	 Express their ideas and feelings about including use of past, present and fut 	t their experiences using full sentences, ure tenses and making use of
some of th		conjunctions, with modelling and sup	
	COMMUNICATION AND LANGUAGE: D	RECT TEACHING (order to be determined	
	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Nursery	Listen and respond when they are	Answer questions in a small group	Understand why questions.
Listening, attention and	spoken to by an adult.	situation linked to well-known stories.	Listen and maintain attention for a
understanding	Listen to and identify sounds from the indoor and outdoor	Answers are becoming more appropriate to the question	growing length of time as a class Give greater detail in answers
	Explore instruments for listening and	Listen for a growing length of time in a	Follow a more complex set of
	response skills	small group	instructions
	Sit still, listen and join in for rhymes,	Follow a simple two step instruction	
	stories or register routine		
	Follow a simple single instruction		
Nursery Speaking	Answer the register.	Start a conversation and continue to	Retell well-known stories and sing a
Speaking	Talking one to one with a key adult. Repeating key vocabulary modelled.	turn take. Use talk to organise themselves and	repertoire of rhymes. Name a story that they like and say
	Begin to understand the conventions	their play	why
	of talk and response	Communicate to meet needs	,
		Communicate for a purpose	
		Use a wider range of appropriate	
		vocabulary	
Reception Listening,	Take turns in a group and class situation	Ask own relevant questions to find out more (who, where, why)	Use talk to help work out problems and organise thinking.
attention and	Listen with intent to other people	Use story language and subject	Explain how things work and why the
understanding	when they speak	specific language in context to answer	might happen.
	Give reasons for their answers	questions	Answer how do you know questions
	Identify main characters in a story		Sequencing events and words in
			sentences to describe detail
Reception	One to one and small group	Sharing own ideas and opinions.	Connect ideas using a range of
Speaking	discussions around direct teaching	Articulate their ideas and thoughts in	connectives.
	aroas Eocus on speaking in contenses	Well-formed contences	
	areas. Focus on speaking in sentences. Develop social phrases	well-formed sentences	Opportunities to offer own ideas and explanations



		EYFS	SPECIFIC AREA: LITERACY			
Intent: To devel	lop secure foundations in commun	ication	, language, reading and writing. The curri	culum aims to instil a love of books and		
			ding and comprehension. Children will be			
stories, poems, rhymes and non-fiction, and develop secure foundations in decoding printed words. Equally as important, children will						
			rt the development of self and wider wor			
-	-		tunities to record will be offered provide	a secure foundation in handwriting,		
	iting for meaning in readiness for y					
-	nursery (based Development	By th	e end of reception (ELG) most childre	en will be able to:		
	t children will be able to:					
00	e in extended conversations		<u>prehension</u>			
	stories, learning new vocabulary.	•	 Demonstrate understanding of what h 			
0	nise words with the same initial		stories and narratives using their own	words and recently introduced		
sound			vocabulary.	ants in starias		
	Ind suggest rhymes - count or		 Anticipate-where appropriate- key evolution 			
	yllables in a word - recognise with the same initial sound,		 Ose and understand recently introduct stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poer 	ed vocabulary during discussions about		
	is money and mother	Word	Reading	is and during role play.		
	to join in with rhyming strings		 Say a sound for each letter of the alph 	nabet and at least 10 digraphs		
	at' and 'cat'.		 Read words consistent with their photo 			
Orally	segment and blend			ks that are consistent with their phonic		
· ·	ome print and letter knowledge in		knowledge, including common expect			
their e	early writing.	Writi				
Write	some or all their name		 Write recognisable letters, most of wh 	nich are correctly formed		
			• Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a			
			letter or letters			
			 Write simple phrases and sentences t 	hat can be read by others		
		-	AND WRITING: DIRECT TEACHING			
		order to	be determined by teaching staff**	Γ		
	Autumn		Spring	Summer		
Nursery	Adults share books- how to hold,	•	share books in groups- name different	Sounds effects and letter sounds using		
Word reading	has meaning, identify print in t	the	parts of the book	their voice		
Comprehensi on	environment Tuning into sounds through sor	200	share books in groups- how follow text	Orally segment and blend – using		
UII	rhymes, body sounds	igs,	Engage in rhythm and rhyme to learn	objects then pictures		
	Copying sequences with your b	odv	vocabulary and responses	Introduce RWI pictures		
	and voice	,	Learn that names and objects start	Recognise words with the same initial		
			with a sound	sound		
			Count/clap syllables in a word			
Nurconi	Adding marks to their nictures to	chow	Adding marks to their pictures to show	Regin to form some latters correctly in		
Nursery Writing	Adding marks to their pictures to meaning	3110 W	Adding marks to their pictures to show meaning	Begin to form some letters correctly in their name		
	incumig		Begin to create individual marks to			
			represent meaning			
Reception	Begin 1:1 reading		Read some letter groups that	Read simple phrases and sentences		
Word reading	Read individual letters by saying	the	represent one sound	with some CEW		
Comprehensi	sound		(SET 1 Photocopy ditty)	(SET 1 Red ditty/SET 2 Green)		
on	(SET 1)		Read simple phrases and sentences	Read simple phrases and sentences		
	Blend sounds into words		(SET 1 Red)	with some CEW		
	(SET 1 and begin blending)			(SET 2 Green/purple)		
Reception	Form lower case letters correc	tly	Write cvcc words and some red words	Write short sentences using a capital		
Writing	Write cvc words		Write captions using known sound-	letter and full stop		
	Write lists using known sound-le	etter	letter correspondence	Reread what they have written to		
	-		·	check it makes sense		
	correspondence		Write phrases/ short sentences	CHECK IT HIAKES SELISE		
	correspondence		Write phrases/ short sentences	check it makes sense		



EYFS SPECIFIC AREA: MATHEMATICS						
Intent: To provide a strong grounding in numbers to 10, developing a deep conceptual understanding of which to provide the building blocks for future mathematical concepts. Curiosity around number, shape, space and measures will be developed through a range of opportunities to support their readiness for school and the mathematical world around them.						
By the end of nursery (based Development Matters) most children will be able to:	By the end of reception (ELG) most children will be able to:					
 Know that the last number reached when counting a small set of objects tells you how many there are in total. Show 'finger numbers' up to 5. Matches numerals and amounts up to 5. subitise up to 3. Experiment with their own symbols and marks as well as numerals. Solve real world mathematical problems with numbers up to 5. Compare quantities using language: 'more than', 'fewer than'. 	 Number Have a deep understanding of numbers to 10, including the composition of each number Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5 Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including double facts. Numerical patterns Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting system. 					
 Talk about and explore 2D and 3D shapes using informal and mathematical language: 'sides', 'corners'; 'straight', 'flat', 'round'. Select shapes appropriately: flat surfaces for building, a triangular prism for a roof etc. Understand position through words alone. Describe a familiar route. Discuss routes and locations, using words like 'in front of' and 'behind'. Make comparisons between objects relating to size, length, weight and capacity. Talk about and identify the patterns around them. Extend and create ABAB patterns – stick, leaf, stick, leaf. 	 Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity. Explore and represent patterns within numbers to 10, including evens and odd, double facts and how quantities can be distributed evenly. Select, rotate and manipulate shapes in order to develop spatial awareness Investigate how shapes can be combined to make new shapes Copy, continue and create repeating patterns 					
• Notice and correct an error in a repeating pattern.	Compare length, weight and capacity using comparative language					
MATHS: DIRECT	TEACHING					

	MATHS: DIRECT TEACHING						
	Order t	to be determined by teaching staff					
	Autumn	Spring	Summer				
Nursery	Counting rhymes and songs using	Cardinal value to 3 and counting groups	Recognition of up to 3 objects				
Number	fingers to represent numbers	to 3	Show finger numbers up to 5				
Number		Link numeral amounts up to 3	Cardinal value to 5				
Patterns	Recite numbers counting past 5	Compare quantities using vocabulary	Link numeral amounts up to 5				
		such as more than, less than	Notice and correct an error in a				
		Talk about and identify patterns	repeating pattern				
		Discuss routes and locations using					
		appropriate vocabulary					
Nursery	Talk about and explore 2D shapes and	Talk about and explore 3D shapes and	Combining shapes to make new shapes				
Shapes and	language associated	language associated	Select appropriate shape for building				
Measures		Investigate size, length, weight and	Make simple comparisons between				
		capacity	size, length, weight and capacity				
Reception	Recite numbers to 10	Recite numbers past 10	Recite numbers beyond 20				
Number	Subitise to 6	Cardinal and ordinal to 10	Building numbers beyond 10-				
Number	Representing, comparing, composition	Representing, comparing, composition	comparing and ordering				
Patterns	of 1-3	of 7-10	Counting patterns beyond 10- adding				
	Matching and sorting	Combining 2 groups	to full sets of 10				
	Introduce zero	Consolidation 1-10	Instant recall of bonds to 10				
	Representing, comparing, composition	Bonds to 10	Recognise doubles facts				
	of 4-6	Adding more	Odd and even				
	1 more and 1 less	Taking away	Sharing and grouping				
	Copy a repeating pattern	Continue a repeating pattern	Create repeating patterns				
Reception	Measure	Measure	Shape				
Shapes and	Compare size, capacity and mass	Compare size-(length, height) mass and	Spatial reasoning - visualise and build				
Measures	Shape	capacity	Comparing simple properties of 2d and				
	Recognise circles and triangles	Length and height	3d shapes				
	Recognise shapes with 4 sides and	Shape					
	know simple properties	Find 2d shapes within 3d shape and					
		patterns					
		Simple properties of 3d shapes					



Intent: To ensu	ire a range of personal e		AREA: UNDERSTANDING THE WORLD ncreases the children's knowledge and set	nse of the world around them, fostering
an understand comprehension	-	l. The opportunities	would enrich and widen vocabulary, supp	porting the development in oracy and
By the end of	nursery (based on	By the end of re	ception (ELG) most children will be ab	le to:
-	: Matters) most			
children will l				
	ember and talk about	Past and present		
-	icant events in their experience.		but the lives and roles of people around the ome similarities and differences between the other the similarities and setting the setting of the setting the sett	
	about some of the		periences and what has been read in class.	ings in the past and now, drawing on
simila	arities and differences		and the past through settings, characters a	nd events encountered in books read in
	een places they have		d storytelling.	
	, where they live	People Culture an		
	care and concern for things and the		e their immediate environment using know non-fiction texts and maps.	ledge from observation, discussion,
0	onment.		ome similarities and differences between di	fferent religious and cultural
• Use t	echnology for a		nities in this country, drawing on their expe	0
purp	ose and with a simple	Explain s	some similarities and differences between	life in this country and life in other
outco	-		es, drawing on knowledge from stories, nor	-fiction texts and -when appropriate-
	e and talk about the ences between	maps. The Natural World	Ч	
	le, families and		<u>¤</u> the natural world around them, making ob	servations and drawing pictures of
	nunities		and plants.	
			ome similarities and differences between th	e natural world around them and
			ing environments, drawing on their experi-	
			and some important processes and change	
			g the seasons and changing states of matte RECT TEACHING (order to be determined I	
	Autur		Spring	Summer
Nursery	Talk about wee	ekend news	Remember and talk about significant	Remember and talk about significant
Past and present			recent events in their own experience Look at photos of events in their lives	recent events in their own experience
Nursery	Bonfire night, Diwal	i and Christmas -	Chinese New Year and Easter	Talk about similarities and differences
People,	(what are		(what are they)	between places they have been and
culture and communities	Birthdays- (wh		Talk about similarities and differences	where they live
communicies	Children in Look at different		between people Comic Relief	
Nursery	Seasons: Weather (a		Seasons: Weather (winter / spring)	Seasons: Weather (summer)
The Natural	Exploration of th		To talk about some of the things they	Woodland Environment including
World	environment grass		have observed such as plants, animals,	comparison to local area
	plants, ar	nimals	natural and found objects	Mini beasts and woodland animals
	Using senses, sights,		To plant seeds and care for them	Show care and concern for the
	Identify through s			environment
	environments	and nature		
Reception	Remembrance Day-	look at pictures	Past V Present -homes or toys	Compare and contrast characters from
Past and	and sto		Discuss images of a familiar past	stories including figures from the past
present			What happened before they were	
			born?	
Reception	Children i		Chinese New Year: Cultural similarities	Reading simple maps
People,	Diwali: Cultural si		and differences	Talk about important figures in the
culture and communities	differer Christmas: Llow is it d		The Easter Story	community
communities	Christmas: How is it o the wo		Comic Relief	Know that some places are special to members of their community
	People who help us (people's lives and		inclusion of their continuity
Reception	their roles in		Seasons: changes in the natural world	Seasons: Changes in the natural world
The Natural	Seasons: Changes in (autumn /		Seasons: changes in the natural world (winter / spring)	(summer)
		•	Complete an investigation linked to	Seaside Environment including
World Recognise some environments an				-
World	different to the or	nes they live in	British Science week	comparison to local and woodland area
World	different to the or	nes they live in	British Science week Understand change of state- melting,	comparison to local and woodland area Investigate forces- push, pull



			LESSIVE ARTS AND DESIGN		
	p artistic and cultural awareness which all			ered. Repetition and depth of their	
	damental to enhancing their appreciation				
-	ursery (based on Development Matte /ill be able to:	ers)	By the end of reception (I	ELG) most children will be able to:	
 most children will be able to: Begin to develop complex stories using small world equipment like animal sets, dolls and dolls houses etc Engage in imaginative role-play based on own first-hand experiences Create simple representations of events, people and objects Make simple models which express their ideas Use various construction materials to build, balance and create their own representations and designs Join different materials and explore different texture Recite a range of nursery rhymes Enjoy creating simple beat and rhythm activities Respond to what they have heard, expressing their thoughts and feelings 			 <u>Creating with Materials</u> Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function. Share their creations, explaining the process they have used. Make use props and materials when role playing characters in narratives and stories <u>Being Imaginative and Expressive</u> Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories with peers and their teacher. Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs. Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and-when appropriate- try to move in time with music. 		
	EXPRESSIVE ARTS AND DESIGN: DIR	ECT TEACH	IING (order to be determined I	by teaching staff)	
	Autumn		Spring	Summer	
Nursery	Explore different materials	Explore	different materials using all	Artist study- Kandinsky- abstract art	
Creating with materials	Create closed shapes with continuous lines Explore colour Mark making leading to drawing			Make simple models Use drawing to represent ideas	
Nursery Being imaginative and expressive	Introduce pretend play Listen with increased attention to sounds Performance for others: Nursery Rhymes Christmas	Sing a range of nursery rhymes – recognise rhythm and repetition Take part in pretend play Remember and sing entire songs Performance for others: Easter concert		Make imaginative small worlds Respond to what they have heard, expressing their thoughts and feelings Sing pitch of a tone sung by another person Performance for others: music and singing Graduation	
	•				
Reception Creating with materials	Explore colour mixing Join different materials and explore different textures	Develop own ideas and decide which materials to use for a purpose Artist study- Seurat- pointillism		Artist study-Mondrian- abstract art Show and explain how they made their creations to others	
Reception Being imaginative and expressive	Begin to develop / make complex 'small worlds' Listen attentively, move to and talk about music, expressing their feelings and responses Performance for others: Nursery Rhyme Week Christmas	Developing story lines in their pretend play Sing the melodic shape of familiar songs Watch and talk about dance and performance art, expressing their feelings and responses Performance for others- invent own performance for peers		Create their own songs or improvise a song around one they know Play instruments with increasing control to express their feelings and ideas Sing in a group or on their own increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody Performance for others- rhythm and rhyme	

EYFS SPECIFIC AREA: EXPRESSIVE ARTS AND DESIGN



Long-term Rationale KS1 and KS2

The TVEd long-term plan has been designed to fulfil the national curriculum programme of study whilst considering the area in which we serve and the specific needs of the children. A coherent learning sequence has been developed to ensure that knowledge is built cumulatively from beginning to end. Our curriculum gives children the opportunities to activate and build on prior knowledge, drawing this from their long-term memory, to make meaningful connections and increase understanding. The key to developing this knowledge is providing children with experiential learning, linked to the local area and region, as well as first hand experiences. Ultimately, we aim to build confidence, cultural capacity and raise aspirations for their future life.

Intent:

Across the formal curriculum we ensure our pupils have the learning dispositions and attitudes to question and explore subject specific learning through a structured approach, modified accordingly.

We provide opportunities for pupils to develop their knowledge and skills, with growing confidence, resilience and independence, so they can apply their learning in a range of situations. All pupils access opportunities to develop metacognitively to support them to take risks in their learning. Teaching is delivered on a whole class, small group and targeted approach and is designed with end goals and outcomes at the forefront in order that we build deep, long lasting knowledge cumulatively.



		English Long-Term Plan	
Intent: We recognise that I	English is essential to everyday life and to a child's ability to	communicate effectively using a rich and varied vocabular	y. We aim to provide a high-quality English education
which provides them with t	he best possible opportunities to become confident and lite	rate with a deep love and understanding of English langua	ge and literature.
	To be used in co	njunction with TVED Narrative and Poetry genres	
English	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Year 1	Instructions Narrative Recount Non-chronological report	Instructions Narrative Recount Non-chronological report	Instructions Narrative Recount Non-chronological report Narrative: overcoming a monster
Year 2	Instructions Narrative: Fairy Tales Recount Narrative: Story with a dilemma, issue or moral Non-chronological report	Narrative: Quest or journey Recount Instructions Narrative: Mystery	Narrative: Myth or legend Non-chronical report Recount Instructions Narrative: Overcoming a monster Poetry
Year 3	Poetry Narrative: Fairy Tales Non-chronological report Narrative: Story with a dilemma, issue or moral Recount Instructions	Explanation Narrative: Quest or journey Poetry Narrative: Mystery Recount	Explanation Narrative: Myth or legend Narrative: Overcoming a monster Non-chronological report Poetry
Year 4	Instructions Narrative: Fairy Tales Recount Explanation Narrative: Story with a dilemma, issue or moral Poetry	Narrative: Quest or journey Persuasion Poetry Narrative: Mystery Non-Chronological report	Narrative: Myth or legend Persuasion Narrative: Overcoming a monster Poetry Recount
Year 5	Explanation Narrative: Fairy Tales Poetry Narrative: Story with a dilemma, issue or moral Non-chronological report Persuasion	Instructions Narrative: Quest or journey Poetry Narrative: Mystery Recount	Narrative: Myth or legend Persuasion Discussion Explanation Narrative: Overcoming a monster Poetry
Year 6	Narrative: Fairy Tales Poetry Recount Discussion Non-chronological report Narrative: Story with a dilemma, issue or moral	Explanation Narrative: Quest or journey Poetry Narrative: Mystery Persuasion	Instructions Poetry Narrative: Myth or legend Discussion Recount
Timings for blocks Genres	Y1- Genres will be fluid throughout the term, however there must be dire applied. Y2-Y6 Poetry x1 week, Narrative x2-3 weeks, Non-Narrative x2- narrative Genres' document Narrative genres are to include: Fairy Tales,	and order of teaching blocks throughout the year (Leaders/teacl ect teaching of each genre a minimum of twice per term. A text or curriculu 3 weeks Non-narrative: If an academy wishes to link topics from curriculur . Story with a dilemma, issue or moral, Quest or journey, Mystery, Myth or l etry genres are to include: Haiku, Free Verse, Rhyming Couplets, Kennings non-narrative teaching ideas. Appendix 6 Provides key features for each text type.	m links may provide opportunities for multiple genres to be taught and n subjects to teach writing, please see 'Bank of Ideas for Teaching Non-



			Mathematics Long-Terr	n Plan		
	nathematics is essential to every					
their thinking, solve	problems in a range of contexts		within each half term to be det		mathematical vocabulary and tr	ninking.
Mathematics	Aut	umn		ring	Sum	mer
Year 1		l Place Value	Number and	8		Place Value
	Number- 0	Calculation		Calculation	Number- 0	Calculation
	Number -	Fractions	Number -	Fractions	Number-	Fractions
	Measu	rement	Measu	rement	Measu	rement
-	Geor	netry	Geor	netry	Geon	netry
Year 2	Number – PV 1wk	Number- Calculation 3 wk	Number – PV 1 wk	Number- Calculation 3 wk	Number – PV 1 wk	Number- Calculation 4 wk
fear 2	Number- Calculation 4 wk	Measuring- 1 wk	Number- Calculation 4 wk	Measuring- 1 wk	Number- Calculation 4 wk	Geometry- 1 wk
	Measuring- 1 wk	Geometry- 1 wk	Measuring- 1 wk	Geometry – 1 wk	Measuring- 1 wk	Measuring- 1 wk
	Geometry- 1 wk	Statistics- 1 wk		Statistics- 1 wk		
Year 3	Number – PV 2wk	Number- Calculation 2 wk	Number – PV 1 wk	Number- Calculation 2 wk	Number – PV 1 wk	Number- Calculation 2 wk
	Number- Calculation 4 wk	Number- Fraction 2 wk	Number- Calculation 3 wk	Number- Fraction 2 wk	Number- Calculation 3 wk	Number- Fraction 2 wk
	Measuring- 1 wk	Measuring- 1 wk Geometry- 1 wk	Measuring- 1 wk Statistics- 1 wk	Measuring- 1 wk Geometry – 1 wk	Measuring- 1 wk Statistics- 1 wk	Geometry- 1 wk Measuring- 1 wk
		Geometry-1 wk	Statistics- 1 WK	Geometry - 1 wk	Statistics- 1 WK	
Year 4	Number – PV 1wk	Number- Calculation 2 wk	Number – PV 1 wk	Number- Calculation 2 wk	Number – PV 1 wk	Number- Calculation 2 wk
	Number- Calculation 4 wk	Number- Fraction 2 wk	Number- Calculation 3 wk	Number- Fraction 2 wk	Number- Calculation 3 wk	Number- Fraction 2 wk
	Measuring- 1 wk	Measuring- 1 wk	Measuring- 1 wk	Measuring- 1 wk	Measuring- 1 wk	Measuring- 1 wk
	Geometry- 1 wk	Statistics- 1 wk	Geometry – 1 wk	Statistics- 1 wk	Geometry- 1 wk	Statistics- 1 wk
Year 5	Number – PV 1wk	Number- Calculation 2 wk	Number – PV 1 wk	Number- Calculation 2 wk	Number – PV 1 wk	Number- Calculation 3 wk
	Number- Calculation 4 wk	Number- Fraction 2 wk	Number- Calculation 3 wk	Number- Fraction 2 wk	Number- Calculation 3 wk	Number- Fraction 2 wk
	Measuring- 1 wk	Measuring- 1 wk	Measuring- 1 wk	Measuring- 1 wk	Measuring- 1 wk	Measuring- 1 wk
	Geometry – 1 wk	Statistics- 1 wk	Geometry- 1 wk	Statistics- 1 wk	Geometry- 1 wk	
Year 6	Number – PV 1wk	Number- Calculation 2 wk	Number-	Number-		Application and extension into other mathematical
	Number- Calculation 2 wk Number- Fraction 2 wk	Number – Fraction 2 wk Algebra- 1 wk	Calculation/Fraction 3 wk Geometry- 1 wk	Calculation/Fraction 3 wk Measuring- 1 wk	SATS REVISION/REVISITING CONCEPTS	projects/enterprise.
	Measuring- 2 wk	Geometry- 1 wk	Measuring- 1 wk	Geometry – 1 wk	CUNCLETS	projects/enterprise.
			Statistics- 1 wk	Statistics- 1 wk		

How do we see things?



What characteristics could you use to classify animals and

plants?

Intent for TVED Science

We aim for all children to become scientifically knowledgeable, scientifically literate and methodical problem solvers, by facilitating independent inquiry, nurturing curiosity and bringing current, relevant, real-world science into the classroom. This will develop the natural curiosity of the child, encourage respect for living organisms and the physical environment and provide opportunities for critical evaluation of evidence.

All children will work scientifically through: Identifying, Classifying Grouping, Observing Over Time, Pattern Seeking, Research using secondary sources and Comparative and Fair Testing. Elements of working scientifically need to be within all blocks. **Refer to the TVED Working Scientifically document** Autumn Spring Summer Year 1 Animals, including humans Seasonal changes Everyday materials Plants Can you name and compare materials based on their How can animals be compared? What are the changes over the four seasons? What are the different parts and types of plants and trees? properties? Uses of every day materials Year 2 Animals, including humans Plants Living things and their habitats Can you name, compare and classify materials based on their properties? What do humans need to grow and be healthy? What does a plant need to stay healthy? How do the characteristics of plants and animals suit their habitats? Year 3 Animals, including humans Plants Forces and magnets Rocks Light What is a life cycle of a plant? How do you move and grow? What is a force? How are rocks formed? What is a source of light and what happens when it is blocked? Year 4 Sound Living things and their habitat States of matter Electricity Animals, including humans How do animals thrive in their habitat? How do you hear things? What makes a liquid, solid or gas? How does a circuit work? What happens to your food when you eat it? Year 5 Properties and changes of materials Living things and their habitat Earth and space Animals, including humans Forces When is a change reversible or irreversible? What are the life cycles and processes of reproduction in some How does Earth move within the solar system? How do forces act and what are their effects? plants and animals? What are the stages of human development? Year 6 **Evolution and inheritance** Animals, including humans Electricity Light Living things and their habitats How does your heart work and stay healthy? How do components affect a circuit? How have animals, humans and plants adapted over time?



Intent for TVED Art

Art allows pupils to become confident independent artists who are creative and have the ability to express themselves using a wide range of materials and media. Through exposure to diverse local, national and international cultural heritage, pupils will foster a love of art and understand how art contributes to the creativity and wealth of our nation and wider world. The curriculum is artist driven and structured to ensure drawing is the strand that underpins and is woven through the entire curriculum.

		Outc	omes			
By the end of	y the end of KS1 most children will be able to: By the end of KS2 most children will be able to:					
 to use a range of materials creatively to design and make products to use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experimagination to develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern shape, form and space about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing t and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links work. 		pattern, texture, line, ribing the differences	n, texture, line, he differences			
	Autumn		Spring	Summer		
Year 1	Artist: Iris Scott		ist: Lucy Pittaway	Artist: Angie Lewin		
	Techniques: Drawing and Painting		hniques: Drawing	Techniques: Drawing and Printing		
	What process does Iris Scott use to create her artwork?	How is the work of Lucy Pittaway influenced by local landscapes?		How does nature inspire Angie Lewin's artwork?		
Year 2	Artist: Friedensreich Hundertwasser	Artist: Mackenzie Thorpe		Artist: Alberto Giacometti		
	Techniques: Drawing and Painting	Techniques: Drawing		Techniques: Drawing and Sculpture		
	How does Friedensreich Hundertwasser's work incorporate nature?	How is Mackenzie Thorpe's artwork influenced by local landmarks?		How does Giacometti represent figures in his work?		
Year 3	Artist: Lowry	Artists:	Giuseppe Arcimboldo	Artist: William Morris (designer)		
	Techniques: Drawing and Painting	Technique	es: Drawing and Collage	Techniques: Drawing, Textiles and Printing		
	How does Lowry use perspective in his artwork?		Giuseppe Arcimboldo use and how ecreate his portraits?	How is William Morris' artwork influenced by repeated floral patterns?		
Year 4	Artist: Anthony Gormley (architect)	Arti	st: David Hockney	Artist: Claude Monet		
	Techniques: Drawing and Sculpture	Techniques: Dra	wing and Painting (ipad tech)	Techniques: Drawing and Painting		
	How does Antony Gormley use shape and form in his artwork?	What is digital art and how has David Hockney developed this medium?		How does nature inspire Claude Monet's work?		
Year 5	Artist: Andy Goldsworthy	Art	ist: Peter Thorpe	Artist: Joe Cornish (photographer)		
	Techniques: Drawing and Sculpture	Techniques: Drawing and Painting		Techniques: Drawing and Photography		
	How does Andy Goldsworthy use natural products to create	How does Peter Thor	pe use the theme of space to create	How does Joe Cornish use light and dark to create a mood in		
	his sculptures?	dramat	ic effect in paintings?	photography?		
Year 6	Artists: Barbara Hepworth and Henry Moore		sts: Andy Warhol	Artist: Costume Design (Linked to Trust Performance)		
	Techniques: Drawing and Sculpture		es: Drawing and Printing	Techniques: Drawing and Textiles		
	How does the work of Barbara Hepworth capture the feeling of family life in her art?		f Andy Warhol so popular and what have on popular culture?	How can I apply my knowledge to support a production?		



Intent for TVED Computing

Our ambition is for our children to be digitally literate and to develop digital agency across a range of domains and tools creatively. We want to develop well rounded digital citizens who can navigate and shape their digital world responsibly and safely to be digital creators, not digital consumers. Our curriculum will equip children with the attitudes, knowledge and skills to succeed in an increasingly digital world in education, home and the workplace. The curriculum will, throughout each unit, be underpinned by consistent and relevant E-Safety and Digital Literacy teaching with links made to the PHSE curriculum.

The computing curriculum is designed with three clear strands:

- Computer science programming strand.
- Information Technology (IT) this is broken into the teaching of three different digital artefacts (text and image, visual and audio)
 - Digital literacy (this is embedded across all units and delivered as part of our PSHE curriculum)

Digital literacy (this is embedded across all units and delivered as part of our PSHE curriculum) Outcomes						
By the e						
 By the end of KS1 most children will be able to: understand what algorithms are; how they are implemented as programs on digital devices; and that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions create and debug simple programs use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content recognise common uses of information technology beyond school use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies. 			 By the end of KS2 most children will be able to: design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs understand computer networks including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the world wide web; and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact. 			
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Year 1	Computer Science Can I explain what an algorithm is and	IT – Text and Image Can I make a poster that includes text and	Computer Science Can I programme a Beebot to reach a	IT – Visual Can I create a simple movie with a	Computer Science Can I move a sprite using blocks and	IT – Audio Can I create sound and music in an app
	create one to move a person?	a picture?	specific destination?	voiceover?	commands in Scratch Jr?	for a given theme?
Year	Computer Science	IT – Text and Image	Computer Science	IT – Visual	Computer Science	IT – Audio
2	How do I write an algorithm to move a robot to a set destination?	How do I digitally present information about a topic? Can you use a checklist?	How do I produce sequences and work with sprites in Scratch Jr?	How do I create and edit a simple movie?	How do you produce and edit sequences in Scratch?	How do I use an app to create a performance?
Year	Computer Science	IT – Text and Image	Computer Science	IT – Visual	Computer Science	IT – Audio
3	How do I produce multiple sequences and work with sprites in Scratch?	How do I create an informative poster/flyer using digital technology? How do I work with basic spreadsheets?	How do I write algorithms to move a robot using multiple sequences of commands?	How do I create a movie for a specific audience?	How do I program sprites to interact with an event?	How do I create a multi-layered tune?
Year	Computer Science	IT – Text and Image	Computer Science	IT – Visual	Computer Science	IT – Audio
4	How do I create a story using timed sequences?	How do I create a multi-layered document? How do I create an animated presentation?	How do create shortcuts in code using loops?	How can I create a stop motion animation? How can I choose appropriate online content to use?	How do you use a coding app to move a programmable toy?	How do l create a voiceover track with multiple layered instruments?
Year	Computer Science	IT – Text and Image	Computer Science	IT – Visual	Computer Science	IT – Audio
5	How do I program commands so that arrow keys control a sprite?	How do I produce an eBook incorporating a spreadsheet table?	How do I use 'if' and 'then' commands to control a quiz?	How do I create objects in virtual/ augmented reality?	How do I program a programmable toy to complete a specific task?	How do I create a short podcast with multiple sections? How do I perform with other children on a 'jam' session?
Year	Computer Science	IT – Text and Image	Computer Science	IT – Visual	Computer Science	IT – Audio
6	How do I use variables in games to affect how the game is played and designed?	How do I use my computing knowledge to support revision and recall?	How do I use my computing knowledge to create a design project?	How do I use my computing knowledge to support careers knowledge?	How do I use my computing knowledge to support the work of others?	How do I use my computing knowledge to help prepare for Key Stage 3?



Intent for TVED Design Technology

We aim to equip children with technical knowledge to develop life skills for the world beyond school. To make and create products through independent and creative thinking, individually and as part of a team. They will also be able to evaluate effectively utilising acquired vocabulary.

Outcomes					
By the end of KS1 most children will be able to:			By the end of KS2 most children will be able to:		
 use a range of materials to design and make simple products; select materials, tools and techniques and explain their choices; understand simple mechanisms and structures; measure, assemble, join and combine materials in a variety of ways using basic tools safely; investigate and evaluate simple products, commenting on the main features. 		 use knowledge and understanding of a range of materials, components and techniques to design and make quality products; evaluate work as it develops and, if necessary, suggest alternatives; produce designs and plans which list the stages involved in making a product, and list tools and materials used; accurately measure, mark, cut, join and combine a variety of materials, working safely and recognising hazards to themselves and others; understand the use of electrical and mechanical systems and more complex structures; evaluate what is or is not working well in a product. 			
	Autumn		Spring	Summer	
Year 1	Cooking and nutrition: Making soup	Mecha	anisms: bridge building	Textiles: Make a glove / sock puppet	
	How do you make a healthy soup?	How can you build a strong bridge?		How can you make a glove / sock puppet?	
Year 2	Cooking and Nutrition: Bake a cake	Mechanisms: Make a vehicle		Textiles: Make a finger puppet	
	Can you design and make a cake for somebody?	How can you make a vehicle that moves?		How did you join your finger puppet?	
Year 3	Textiles: Make a cushion	Cooking and Nutrition: Make a salad		Mechanisms: Make a clay pot	
	What stitching types can you use to join materials?	How can you make a healthy and appealing salad?		How can you join different clay parts?	
Year 4	Textiles: Make a soft toy	Cooking ar	nd Nutrition: Healthy Pizza	Mechanisms: Make a light house	
	What techniques can you use to make a soft toy?	What cooking process can you use to make a healthy pizza?		Can you design and create a working lighthouse?	
Year 5	Mechanisms: Make a space buggy	Textiles: Make a water bottle holder		Cooking and nutrition: Make a two-course meal	
	How can you make a moving space buggy?	What complex sewing techniques can you use to create a water bottle carrier?		Can you make a healthy two-course meal?	
Year 6	Mechanisms: Make a moving toy	Textiles: Make a pencil case		Cooking and Nutrition: Make a three-course meal	
	What techniques can you use to make a toy move?		g and joining techniques can you use eet the design brief?	How can you create a balanced three-course meal?	



Intent for TVED Geography

We aim to provide children with the knowledge and vocabulary to understand how the human and physical features of a place shapes its location and can change over time. Children are encouraged to develop a greater understanding and knowledge of the world, as well as their place in it.

	Outcomes						
By the end of KS1	1 most children will be able to:		By the end of KS2 most children will be able to:				
 by the end of KST most children will be able to: describe the main features of localities and recognise similarities and differences; recognise where things are and why they are as they are; express their own views about features of an environment and recognise how it is changing; find out about places and environments by asking and answering questions, by using their own observations and other geographical enquiry skills and resources. 			 explain the physical and human characteristics of places, and their similarities and differences; know the location of key places in the United Kingdom, Europe and the world; explain patterns of physical and human features; recognise how selected physical and human processes cause changes in the character of places and environments; describe how people can affect the environment and explain the different views held by people about environmental change; undertake geographical investigations by asking and responding to questions and using a range of geographical enquiry skills, resources and their own observations. 				
Geography	Autumn		Spring	Summer			
Year 1	Locational knowledge: the geography of our school and the surrounding area- Inc. maps	Locational knowledge: overview of the continents and oceans- Inc. maps		Human and physical: weather patterns in the UK and the world - Inc. polar regions and the Equator			
	Can you explain where you live?	Can you name the continents of the world and which one England is in?		What is the weather like in different parts of the world?			
Year 2	Locational geography: The UK and the surrounding seas	Human and physical: Comparing contrasting areas		Place Knowledge: focus on Australia			
	Which countries make up the UK and what are their capital cities?	Can you compare the physical and human features of two different areas?		What are the similarities and differences between Middlesbrough and Sydney?			
Year 3	Locational Knowledge: Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland	Human and physical geography: Volcanoes and earthquakes		Place Knowledge: Scandinavia			
	What are the human features of your county, and can you compare them with another?	What happens when the Earth moves?		How is mainland Scandinavia different to the United Kingdom?			
Year 4	Place knowledge: Italy	Human and phy	sical: Hot and cold areas of the world	Locational knowledge: North East - hills, rivers, coasts			
	How has the geography of Lazio, in Italy and the North East of England affected the way people live there?	How does the location of a place affect its temperature?		What are the physical and human features of where you live?			
Year 5	Human and physical: Rivers and basins including the water cycle	Human and physical geography: Biomes and vegetation belts		Human and physical: Pollution and climate change			
	Why are rivers important in the development of human settlements?	Can you name a biome and its characteristics?		How are our weather patterns changing?			
Year 6	Human and physical: Settlements	Place knowledge: North, South and Central America		Locational knowledge: Europe and the capital cities			
	How does the geography of a settlement explain its population?	What makes th	e physical geography of the Americas unique?	What are the similarities and differences of countries that make up the continent of Europe and can you name their capital cities?			



Intent for TVED History

We aim to provide children with an understanding of chronology and the knowledge to communicate the impact of significant historical events and individuals on our lives today, and the lives of others, using appropriate vocabulary. We want children to be curious to know more about the past and to have the skills required to explore their own interests. It is important for children to develop a sense of identity through learning about the past and we want them to know how history has shaped their own lives.

	Outcomes					
By the end of KS1	most children will be able to:		By the end of KS2 most children will be able to:			
past, using evdistinguish beidentify some	ite about familiar and famous people and events from the recer veryday terms concerned with the passing of time; etween aspects of their own everyday lives and the lives of peop e ways in which the past is represented; t the past by asking and answering questions using a range of so	ole in the past;	 distant history of Britain and other studied; give some reasons for, and results of why people in the past acted as the find out about the past by asking an information; give some explanations for the difference of the differenc	people, events and developments in the recent and more countries and make links across the periods of history of, main events and changes and provide explanations about ey did; nd answering questions using a range of sources of erent ways the past is represented and interpreted; tanding about the past in a variety of ways using dates and		
History	Autumn		Spring	Summer		
Year 1	Past and present	Life of a significant local individual: Captain Cook		Local history study: The Transporter Bridge		
	What was different when my parents and grandparents were little?	Why is Captain Cook important?		What was Middlesbrough like when the transporter bridge was built?		
Year 2	British History: The Great Fire of London	Local history study: Middlesbrough		Life of a significant individual: Queen Elizabeth II		
	What and how do we know about the Great Fire of London?	How has Middlesbrough changed in the last 200 years?		Why is Queen Elizabeth II important?		
Year 3	Empires and Civilisations: Stone Age through to Iron Age	Local history study: Impact of the River Tees		Empires and Settlements: The Vikings and the Anglo Saxons		
	What changes happened between the Stone Age and the Iron Age and how did it impact on Britain?	How has the River Tees changed Middlesbrough?		Who were the Vikings and what impact did they have on Britain?		
Year 4	Empires and Civilisations: Roman Empire and its impact on Britain	Local history study: Academy specific eg Pennyman family/Steel works/Chemical works		British History: British Kings and Queens		
	Who were the Romans and what was their impact on Britain?	How has (the Pennyman Family/ Middlesbrough Football Club/ local industry) impacted on our academy community?		How did Henry VIII impact Britain and how does he compare to Queen Elizabeth II?		
Year 5	Empires and Civilisations: Ancient Egypt	Empires and Civilisations: Ancient Greece		Significant individuals: Margaret Thatcher		
	Who were the Ancient Egyptians and what impact did they have?			Who was Margaret Thatcher and what was her impact on Britain and the North East?		
Year 6	British History: Britain and World War II	Empires and Civilisations: Opening up America				
	How did WWII start and what was the impact on the life of a child?	Who were the North Americans and what impact did they have on the indigenous people?				



Intent for TVED Music

We aim for children at TVED to enjoy a rich music curriculum that gives them opportunities to sing, play instruments, compose, listen to and appraise music. They will develop new skills, learning to read music, understand the importance of music on our mental health and wellbeing as well as understanding how a rich musical background can bring enjoyment and fulfilment in our lives. The children will have a wide range of opportunities to perform in a range of settings and enjoy the music of professional musicians and specialists and we aim to provide music and performing arts to the children in our disadvantaged communities giving experiences that would be outside of their normal world.

Outcomes					
By the end of KS1 most children will be able to:	By the end of KS2 most children will be able to:				
 Use their voices expressively and creatively singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes; Play tuned and untuned instruments musically; Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high quality live and recorded music; Experiments with, create, select and combine sounds using the interrelated dimensions of music. 	 Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing fluency, control and expression; Improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the interrelated dimensions of music; Listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory; Use and understand staff and other musical notations; Appreciate and understand a wide range of high quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians 				

			Have some understanding of the history of music.		
	Autumn	Spring		Summer	
Year 1	Un-tuned percussion and songs & Christmas performance	Samba music and sir	nging using Musik8 musical terms	Tuned percussion and styles of music	
	Can you create rhythms and sound effects, using graphic scores, on an un-tuned instrument?		f songs, chants and rhymes including and answer phrases?	Can you create sound effects to enhance a story?	
Year 2	Un-tuned percussion and songs & Christmas performance	Samba	a music and singing	Tuned percussion and styles of music	
	Can you create a piece of music to represent a rocket launch?		erform question and answer phrases ed percussion instruments?	Can you read notation to perform a simple tune?	
Year 3	Recorders		Recorders	Recorders and singing	
	Can you play a melody using 3 notes?	Can you compose your own melody using a known rhythm?		Can you perform in a group?	
Year 4	Music Technology & Christmas performance	Boomwhackers		African Drumming	
	Can you compose a piece of music using Garageband?	Can you read and perfo	rm a piece of music using notes C-A?	Can you perform a piece of African music?	
Year 5	Music Technology & Christmas performance	African Drumming		Samba music	
	Can you record and play a melody using the keyboard on Garageband with a chord accompaniment?	Can you read and perform notation for African drumming?		Can you perform for an audience?	
Year 6	African Drumming & Christmas performance	Music Technology		Musical Performances	
	Can you compose and perform a piece of African music using African drumming notation?	Can you compose and	play a piece of music using a whole octave?	Can you contribute to the performance of a school concert?	



Intent for TVED PE

The aim of our PE programme is to develop children's basic physical competencies, build confidence in their ability and build the foundations for a lifelong love of sport, physical activity and a healthy lifestyle. We aim to develop the knowledge, skills and capabilities necessary for mental, emotional, social and physical well-being in our children now and for their future. Physical fitness is an important factor. It teaches self-discipline and that to be successful you must work hard, cooperate, collaborate and demonstrate resilience.

-	Outcomes						
By the e	By the end of KS1 most children will be able to: By the end of KS2 most children will be able to:						
• • •	 apply these in a range of activities Participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending Perform dances using a range of movement patterns Take part in outdoor and adventurous activity challenges both individually and within a team Compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best 						
	Autumn		Spring	Summer			
Year 1	Invasion Games Can you keep a ball under control?		Net/Wall Can you hold a racket in the correct place?	Striking Fielding Can you hold a bat using in the correct place?			
	Gymnastics Can you show a starting position for a shape/mo	vement?	Dance Can you move in variety of ways?	Athletics Can you begin to explore the correct technique in running, throwing & jumping?			
Year 2	Invasion Games Can you pass/send a ball accurately to a partner of	or target?	Net/Wall Can you start to show a dominant hand when holding a racket?	Striking Fielding Can you start to show a dominant hand when holding a bat in 1 or 2 hands?			
	Gymnastics Can you show how to move from a starting position to a s	hape/movement?	Dance Are you able to move more than one body part whilst moving?	Athletics Can you explore the correct technique in running, throwing & jumping?			
Year 3	Invasion Games Can you pass/send a ball accurately to a partner wh	ilst moving?	Net/Wall Can you consciously hold the racket using the correct technique?	Striking Fielding Can you hold the bat using the correct technique all the time?			
	Gymnastics Can you move from one shape / movement to another?		Dance Can you replicate simple dance shapes & movements?	Athletics Can you begin to show the correct technique in running, throwing & jumping?			
Year 4	Invasion Games Can you use a range of passes in a game situation?		Net/Wall Can you begin to use a 1 handed shot when hitting the ball?	Striking Fielding Can you begin to use a 1 handed shot when hitting the ball in certain games?			
	Gymnastics Can you show a sequence of shapes / movements?		Dance Can you link different movements together to make a pattern / sequence?	Athletics Can you frequently show the correct technique in running, throwing & jumping?			
Year 5	Invasion Games Can you pass, receive and move into space to create attacking opportunities?		Net/Wall Can you select the correct shot choice when hitting a ball?	Striking Fielding Can you select the correct shot choice when hitting a ball in a game situation?			
	Gymnastics Can you show a complex sequence of shapes / movements?		Dance Can you use your imagination to create a short routine?	Athletics Can you consistently show the correct technique in running, throwing & jumping?			
Year 6	Invasion Games Can you pass, receive and move to maintain possession?		Net/Wall Can you use different shots consistently under pressure in a game situation?	Striking Fielding Can you use different shot and bowling techniques consistently in a game situation?			
	Gymnastics Can you move in a variation of ways with increased cont	-	Dance Are you able to dance with confidence and fluency to make a dance routine?	Athletics Can you adapt your running, throwing and jumping techniques to suit different aspects of athletics?			
	Invasion Games include: Football, Tag-Rugby, Basketball, Netball, Boccia, Wheelchair Basketball; Artistic includes: Gymnastics, Cheerleading and Dance; Striking Fielding: Cricket, Rounders, Table Cricket, Tri-Golf; Net Wall Games: Tennis, Badminton, Volleyball, Seated Volleyball, Table Tennis; *Dance/orienteering academy specific and timetabled around specialist availability						



Intent for TVED Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education and Health Education (RSE)

At TVED, Relationship Education is learning about the emotional, social and physical aspects of growing up. It will prepare children, building knowledge, vocabulary and confidence, to value who they are and understand how they relate to other people in this ever-changing world.

		Outcomes		
By the end	of KS1 most children will be able to:	By the end of KS2 most childre	en will be able to:	
 Value and respect one another Appreciate themselves and those around them Understand how to keep safe and healthy Be respectful and kind 		Have a sense of self so the sense of sen	a responsible and ethical way y can become engaged citizens fe individually and with others ent	
	Autumn	Spring	Summer	
Year 1	Caring friendships: Importance of friendships Respectful relationships: Manners	Families and people who care for me: Importance of family Mental Wellbeing: Being healthy	Being safe: Personal boundaries Physical Health: Being healthy	
	Who are your friends and why? What are good manners?	Why are families important when growing up? What is mental health?	What are appropriate boundaries? Why do I need to exercise and eat healthily?	
Year 2	Caring friendships: Characteristics of friends Respectful relationships: Differences	Families and people who care for me: Characteristics of a healthy family Mental Wellbeing: My feelings	Being safe: Secrets Physical Health: Diet	
	What are the characteristics of a good friend? How are we all different?	What are the characteristics of a healthy family? How can I express my feelings and why is that important?	When is it right to keep a secret? What is the impact of diet on my health?	
Year 3	Caring friendships: Healthy friendships Respectful relationships: Respect	Families and people who care for me: Differences Mental Wellbeing: Myself and others	Being safe: Physical contact Physical Health: Sleep	
	How do good friends make you feel? What is respect and why is it important?	How are families different? How can I look after my own and others wellbeing?	What is appropriate physical contact? How can a lack of sleep impact on my health?	
Year 4	Caring friendships: Resolving conflict Respectful relationships: Respecting myself	Families and people who care for me: Security Mental Wellbeing: Hobbies and interests	Being safe: Strangers Physical Health: Illness	
	What do I do when a friend falls out with me? How do I respect myself?	How does my family make me feel safe and secure? Why are my hobbies important for my wellbeing?	How do you know which adults to trust? What can I do if I feel unwell?	
Year 5	Caring friendships: Building trust Respectful relationships: Bullying and stereotypes	Families and people who care for me: Commitment Mental Wellbeing: Being isolated	Being safe: Being unsafe Changing me: Puberty and personal hygiene Physical Health: Keeping clean	
	What is a trustworthy friend? What are stereotypes and how may they lead to bullying?	How do individuals show their commitment to each other? How does loneliness and bullying affect wellbeing?	What is risk taking behaviour? How does my body change as I get older? Why is it important to keep clean?	
Year 6	Caring friendships: Judgement calls Respectful relationships: Mutual respect	Families and people who care for me: Respect Mental Wellbeing: Seeking support	Being safe: Getting help Changing me: Puberty Physical Health: Drugs, alcohol and tobacco	
	When is a friend not a friend? How do we show mutual respect in society?	Are my family always right? How do I seek support if I am worried about my own or someone else's wellbeing?	How can I get help if I do not feel safe? Why are my emotions changing? What are the dangers of different substances?	
Additional Content	*Basic first aid *Age appropriate self-care *Online Relationships and	Internet Safety and Harms	· · · · ·	



Intent for TVED RE

We aim to help children appreciate that they live in a multicultural country. They will develop an understanding of how religious beliefs shape people's lives and behaviours, evidenced through discussions using appropriate vocabulary. They will develop the ability to make reasoned and informed judgements about religious and moral issues, enhancing their spiritual, moral, social and cultural knowledge and their understanding of key religious concepts.

Outcomes					
By the end o	f KS1 most children will be able to:	By the end of KS2 most children v	By the end of KS2 most children will be able to:		
 To understand beliefs and teachings To understand practices and lifestyles To understand how beliefs are conveyed To reflect To understand values To study the main stories of Christianity. To study Judaism. To study other religions of interest to pupils. 		 To understand practices and To understand how beliefs a To reflect To understand values To study the beliefs, festival To study Buddhism, Hinduis 			
	Autumn	Spring	Summer		
Year 1	Introducing Religion	Christianity: Easter	Religious Stories: Parables		
	What does it mean to belong in Christianity?	Why is Easter important to Christians?	What do parables teach Christians?		
Year 2	Christianity: beliefs, customs and practices	Judaism: beliefs, customs and practices	Religious Stories: Miracles of Jesus		
	What is important in the Christian faith?	What is important in the Jewish faith?	What do the miracles of Jesus teach Christians?		
Year 3	Use of light in religion	The Christian Year	Judaism: Passover		
	What does light symbolise in different religions?	Can you name the key events in the Christian year and why they are important?	Why is Passover important to the Jewish faith?		
Year 4	Different Christian denominations	Islam: beliefs, customs and practices	Use of colour in religion		
	Can you name and explain some differences between Christian denominations?	What is important in the Muslim faith?	Why is colour important in religions?		
Year 5	Creation stories across religion	Sikhism: beliefs, customs and practices	Buddhism: beliefs, customs and practices		
	How did the world begin according to Christians, Jews and Muslims?	What is important in the Sikh faith?	What is important in the Buddhist faith?		
Year 6	Hinduism: beliefs, customs and practices	Humanism: beliefs, customs and practices	Multicultural Britain		
	What is important in the Hindu faith?	How do Humanists live their lives?	What are the benefits of a multicultural Britain?		